

# Regional Development

Jméno, příjmení, tituly: .....

Datum: .....

## Hodnocení:

Písemná: ..... Ústní: .....

Cvičení: ..... Projekt: .....

Výsledek:

**Způsob vyhodnocení:** Při vyhodnocení budou započteny jen správné odpovědi.

1. Many political discussions about new reform of public administration in the Czech Republic used various arguments. Part of them told about historical tradition of the Austro-Hungarian Empire - e.g. one of the member of Czech parliaments recommended that Duchcov should be one of the municipalities with extended powers because Duchcov was district city already in time and of the Austro-Hungarian Empire and Emperor knew why Duchcov was selected. Who was Emperor (1848-1916) who created modern public administration with district offices? 4  
*Vyberte jen jednu z následujících možných odpovědí.*
  - a) František Josef I.
  - b) Karel IV.
  - c) Rudolf II.
  
2. Principles of the Central Place Theory (W. Christaller) were practised by local planning in some countries after Second World War (e.g. in Israel for new immigrants). Another example of this theory was spatial planning of polders. Which country uses polders? 4  
*Vyberte jen jednu z následujících možných odpovědí.*
  - a) Netherlands
  - b) Spain
  - c) Finland
  
3. In which theory play large companies crucial role for economic development? These large companies usually are in monopoly or oligopoly position and the theory supposes that they shape special sector in economy. 4  
*Vyberte jen jednu z následujících možných odpovědí.*
  - a) meso-economy theory
  - b) profit cycles theory
  - c) see-saw theory
  
4. Which of following possibilities does not belong to the methods of regional taxonomy? 4  
*Vyberte jen jednu z následujících možných odpovědí.*
  - a) Cartographic method
  - b) deskilling
  - c) border analysis
  
5. Regional taxonomy uses many different methods. What is the name of multidimensional statistical method, using for classification of objects? It classifies objects to the groups, where objects in one group are more alike in comparison with objects in another group. Process can be drawn by dendrogram. 4  
*Vyberte jen jednu z následujících možných odpovědí.*
  - a) the nearest neighbour method
  - b) cluster analysis
  - c) border analysis
  
6. Which of following concepts assume, that each economic subject on the market wants to get monopolistic position? 4  
*Vyberte jen jednu z následujících možných odpovědí.*
  - a) Weber´s model



- b) Hotelling's model
- c) Isard's model

7. The theory "spatial divisions of labour" is one of 4  
*Vyberte jen jednu z následujících možných odpovědí.*
- a) critical-realistic theories
  - b) postmodern theories
  - c) Marxist theories
8. Ulrich Beck describes the postmodern society as: 4  
*Vyberte jen jednu z následujících možných odpovědí.*
- a) network society
  - b) risk society
  - c) liquid society
9. ECOWAS is: 4  
*Vyberte jen jednu z následujících možných odpovědí.*
- a) European Free Trade Association
  - b) European Economic Community of Western States
  - c) Economic Association of West African States
10. The global civil society does not cover: 4  
*Vyberte jen jednu z následujících možných odpovědí.*
- a) NGOs
  - b) terrorist organizations
  - c) multinational corporation
11. Permanent UN Security Council members are: 4  
*Vyberte jen jednu z následujících možných odpovědí.*
- a) Russia, China, USA, Germany and France
  - b) Germany, France, Great Britain, USA and Russia
  - c) China, France, Great Britain, USA and Russia
12. ASEAN is an example of economic integration in: 4  
*Vyberte jen jednu z následujících možných odpovědí.*
- a) Latin America
  - b) Asia
  - c) Africa
13. The Club of Rome stands for: 4  
*Vyberte jen jednu z následujících možných odpovědí.*
- a) exclusive club of planet's richest people
  - b) association of qualified professionals dealing with the climate change
  - c) founding members of the European Economic Community
14. The functional distribution of income refers to the distribution of income between 4  
*Vyberte jen jednu z následujících možných odpovědí.*
- a) urban individuals or households.
  - b) the factors of production (land, labor and capital).
  - c) rural individuals or households.
  - d) individuals or households.
15. An agrarian system refers to 4  
*Vyberte jen jednu z následujících možných odpovědí.*
- a) an economy that has no industry.
  - b) the processing of agricultural commodities.
  - c) the pattern of land ownership.
  - d) the type of crops grown.



16. A situation in which government intervention in the economy worsens the economic outcome is termed 4
- Vyberte jen jednu z následujících možných odpovědí.*
- a) socialism.
  - b) dependency revolution.
  - c) neoclassical failure.
  - d) government failure.
17. The S-curve is used to illustrate 4
- Vyberte jen jednu z následujících možných odpovědí.*
- a) economic fluctuations in the economy.
  - b) the typical path taken by the current account over time.
  - c) the typical growth path of a developing economy.
  - d) the existence of multiple equilibria.
18. A newly industrialized country is 4
- Vyberte jen jednu z následujících možných odpovědí.*
- a) the same as a high income country.
  - b) a special classification given to some upper-middle income countries that have achieved relatively advanced manufacturing sectors.
  - c) any country that has experienced sustained growth in industry.
  - d) any country that has moved out of lower income status.
19. Which of the following is an assumption of the Lewis two-sector model? 4
- Vyberte jen jednu z následujících možných odpovědí.*
- a) Rising marginal product of labor in the rural sector
  - b) High unemployment in the urban modern sector
  - c) Rising real urban wages
  - d) Surplus labor in the rural sector
20. More than 40 % of African industry is concentrated in: 4
- Vyberte jen jednu z následujících možných odpovědí.*
- a) Egypt
  - b) South Africa
  - c) Nigeria
21. The visual depiction of the north-south divide, so called Global North and Global South) is called: 4
- Vyberte jen jednu z následujících možných odpovědí.*
- a) Brahms line
  - b) Brandenburg line
  - c) Brandt line
22. Select a country that is not a market economy: 4
- Vyberte jen jednu z následujících možných odpovědí.*
- a) North Korea
  - b) Malaysia
  - c) Indonesia
23. The poorest country of Latin America is: 4
- Vyberte jen jednu z následujících možných odpovědí.*
- a) Nicaragua
  - b) Haiti
  - c) Bolivia
24. Most of least economically developed countries are located in: 4
- Vyberte jen jednu z následujících možných odpovědí.*
- a) Latin America
  - b) South East Asia





c) Africa

25. Human development index is calculated from following categories:

4

*Vyberte jen jednu z následujících možných odpovědí.*

- a) life expectancy, living standards, educational level
- b) natality, fertility, natural increase of population
- c) inflation, unemployment and living standards



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